

YUMA DAILY EXAMINER
(Member Associated Press)
A Thinking Paper for Thinking People
Established March 17, 1906.
W. H. SHOREY
Editor and Proprietor
SUBSCRIPTION RATE
PER YEAR, \$6.00
Entered at Yuma, Ariz., as second-class mail. Published daily, except Sunday.

BARD INTER-OCEAN
Established January 20, 1911
SUBSCRIPTION RATE
PER YEAR, \$2.00
Entered at Bard, Imperial Co., Calif., as second-class mail. Published Fridays.

ARIZONA SENTINEL--YUMA SOUTHWEST
Established November, 1870, by Jas. M. Barney and Judge Wm. J. Berry; purchased 1875 by John W. Dorrington, who relinquished to W. H. Shorey on July 1, 1911; published for 45 years without missing an issue.
SUBSCRIPTION RATE
PER YEAR, \$2.50
Entered at Yuma, Yuma Co., Ariz., as second-class mail. Published on Thursdays.

PORTO RICANS WANT CITIZENSHIP

Whether Porto Ricans are to be successful this year in getting the United States congress to admit them to American citizenship is the question uppermost in the minds of most Porto Ricans at present. Although citizenship has been promised since the days of the Spanish-American occupation seventeen years ago, each congress since that time has failed to pass the necessary laws. The islanders are now hopeful that the first Democratic administration since 1898 will act favorably and give them a definite political status. At present Porto Ricans are merely "citizens of Porto Rico."

In the hope that favorable legislation may be obtained, Gov. Arthur Yager will spend the month of January in Washington urging Congress to act.

CARE OF BABIES WILL BE THOROUGHLY STUDIED

Nineteen-sixteen is Baby Year. The facts about American babies, the needs of American babies, and America's responsibility to her babies will this year be known as never before, because the first week in March will be Baby Week throughout the country.

More than 400 communities representing every state in the Union, are already laying their plans for Baby Week, according to the Children's Bureau of the U. S. Department of Labor, in order that during those seven days the needs of the babies may be presented that all the parents in those communities will learn a little better how to care for their babies, and all the citizens will realize that they have a special obligation to safeguard the conditions surrounding babies.

And it is confidently believed by those who are interested in this nation-wide Baby Week that the remainder of the year will be marked by a strengthening of all community activities for saving the babies' lives and giving them a better chance to grow to a healthy maturity.

In case of shrinkage, the men who are born great always look blamed insignificant.—Housten Chronicle.

Are those Chicago freaks still taking their daily baths in Lake Michigan? But we suppose they are careful to wear ear muffs.—St. Louis Democrat.

As the Oscar II came to be known as the Ford ship, the Rotterdam, on which the president's personal friend sailed, may be called the Houseboat.—New York Mail.

CONGRESSMEN ASSAIL PRESIDENT FOREIGN POLICY IS THE TARGET

(By B. F. Fly)

The halls of Congress are echoing and re-echoing blood-curdling stories of the atrocities of war.

President Wilson is probably being soundly lambasted for his tolerance of the various governments that have been responsible for the loss of American lives, the recent sinking of the great passenger steamer Persia being the excuse for a discussion of this all-absorbing question at this particular time.

It has been known for months past that the president would be viciously assailed because of his "foreign policy," particularly with reference to his Mexican policy. But who is there in all this broad land who could have done better. What particular man have you in mind, other than President Wilson, who could have kept us from an unholy war with poor old Mexico? Thousands upon thousands of Americans disagreed with the president when he finally recognized Carranza, but where is the man who today says he did not do the right thing at the right time? I was bitterly opposed to Carranza's recognition, not because Carranza and his advisers are incompetent, but because it didn't look like the proper thing to do at that particular time. But Carranza's forces have wrought a great change in Mexico since that memorable October 8, when he was formally given recognition.

Changes for the general betterment of conditions throughout Mexico are of daily occurrence. Peace and quiet hover over the greater portion of the republic; business is being resumed; telegraph and railroad services have been re-established; mines are being reopened; ranchmen are returning to their homes; American property is being protected; murder, rape and arson are gradually becoming nightmares of the past—all this has been accomplished since President Wilson recognized Carranza.

And all this has been brought about not by intervention, which would have cost thousands upon thousands of lives,

but brought about by the timely and friendly recognition of Carranza, the man whose greatest victories were won by Francisco Villa.

Notwithstanding all these facts, the United States senators and representatives will be heard denouncing the president for what he has done, or for what he has left undone—playing politics, of course. Playing to the gallery, playing to the rabble, in order to gain some political advantage in the coming presidential campaign. Many of them won't stop at abusing the president because of his Mexican policy, but they rake him 'fore and aft' because of his European policy. They will cite the case of the sinking of the Lusitania, the Ancona, and now the Persia, to say nothing of the many outrages perpetrated on our shipping industry by England and France—again, all for politics.

Many of the greatest statesmen of America have complimented President Wilson on the firmness he has shown in all these cases. He is accorded credit for having won absolutely every diplomatic controversy in which he has engaged with either England, Germany, France or Austria.

True, the days have dragged into months, and the months almost into years; but if it were a century it would be infinitely better than plunging our country into a war with our kin and friends across the ocean. If those countries that have offended against the laws of nations make honorable reparation for the crimes they have committed against our citizens, that is all we have any right to expect. We certainly could not get more if we went across the ocean and killed all the kings and queens over there. We would then be exactly where they are today, so far removed from his seat of power that it were fool-hardy for us to attempt to take part in that awful carnage.

If left to a free and untrammelled vote of the thinking people of this country, removed entirely from politics, President Wilson would be upheld by an overwhelming majority. We do not want war. We want and we need peace throughout the civilized world.

But the politicians will talk. They would be the very last in the country to shoulder a musket. So let 'em talk.

OLD COPY OF SENTINEL RELATES NEWS OF YUMA IN GOLDEN PAST

(By B. F. Fly)

Yuma loses two good citizens today, and Texas gains them, for Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Black leave, for their new home in El Paso today.

Mr. Black called at the Yuma Daily Examiner office today and presented Owner-Editor Shorey with a copy of the Arizona Sentinel of the date of April 22, 1876, which, when viewed with the Arizona Sentinel of today, of which Mr. Shorey is also owner-editor, is really laughable—particularly some of the advertisements, as well as some of the news items.

On account of the ravages of three fires during the long life of the Arizona Sentinel, this particular copy antedates anything in the office, and is therefore doubly prized, and in Mr. Shorey's name I take pleasure in most cordially thanking Mr. Black for his precious gift, at the same time wishing him and his good little wife much joy and happiness in their new home.

Here is one of the front-page ads that will doubtless cause some to smile; yet, in those days it was a reality—and may be repeated:

"Passage, Yuma to San Francisco, per Colorado S. N. Co.'s steamers: Cabin, \$90, coin; steerage \$40, coin. Freight on wool, Yuma to San Francisco, \$40 per ton. Accommodations first class. S. Polhamus, Jr., General Superintendent."

In those good old days there was a regular line of steamers from San Francisco to the mouth of the Colorado river, where they connected with the river steamers, operated by the same company. Many are the thrilling stories that Captain Polhamus (now

nearing 90) can tell about those days.

The "big story" on the front page is a communication from Colonel H. C. Hodge, who had made a trip on the up-bound steamer and was just about to reach Yuma when the thought struck him to write a story of the trip. No newspaper of today could have done the subject greater justice, describing the steamer Colorado as "this old, but staunch sternwheeler, which left Hardyville the Saturday previous to April 14, 1876." He tells who were fellow passengers, among them being "Mrs. Frank Hodges, children and mother, of Ehrenberg." He describes the caiss of freight that was taken on board at the different stopping places in which he says:

"The freight list comprises a large number of hides, ore and bullion. One bar of bullion taken on at Hardyville was from the new Washberry mill, weighing 900 ounces; two from the Mineral Park mill of 2,400 ounces; five bars taken on at Aubrey from the Greenwood mill, McCracken mine, weight 492 lbs. avoidupois. There are also taken on at Aubrey 18 tons of silver ore, and 10 tons of copper ore from the McCracken mine; and at Castle Dome 60 tons of silver ore from the Flora Temple mine."

That was a precious cargo of freight, especially when it is taken into account that "Mr. George M. Knight, the Yuma poet and attorney," was a passenger.

Even as far back as the date of this copy of the Sentinel it seems that the news gatherer was thinking of women, as note this:

"Woman is a delusion, Madame," exclaimed a crusty old bachelor to a witty young lady. "And man is always hugging some delusion or other," was the quick retort.

At the time of the publication of that issue of the Sentinel, it was just in the process of changing hands, Judge Wm. J. Berry having bought out C. L. Minor. It is therefore difficult to tell just which of these gentlemen was responsible for the following:

"Those old soakers never lack for argument. Lately one replied to a tem-

perence lecturer by the following little poser: 'If water rots the soles of your boots, what effect it must have on the coat of your stomach.'"

Forty years have wrought no change in the Old Soak's argument.

The following gives an idea of the "high cost of living" in Yuma at that time as compared to now:

Flour, per 100 pounds, \$4.50 to \$5.50.
Corn meal, per 100 pounds, \$10.00.
Barley, per 100 pounds, \$5.00.
Beef, per pound, 12½ cents.
Mutton, per pound, 20 cents.
Irish potatoes, 8 cents.
Sweet potatoes, 6 cents.
Cabbage, 8 cents.
Onions (strong), 12½ cents.
Eggs, \$1 per dozen.
Chickens (yellow-legged), 75 cents; black-legged, 50 cents.

And they even played baseball here in Yuma 40 years ago, for the Sentinel gives a big write-up of a game between the Yuma club and the C. A. Earnest club of Fort Yuma, with the score in detail, the game being won by the Yuma club in a "hotly contested game" by the score of 40 to 35. Some game, to be sure.

Just one more item I wish to call attention to, and that is an item saying that the cornerstone of the penitentiary wall was laid on the Tuesday preceding the issue of the paper, Saturday, April 22, and among the collections placed in the cornerstone was an issue of the Arizona Sentinel of April 15, 1876, together with "some pieces of silver coin."

What became of the cornerstone, with all these relics, when the walls were torn down? Or is the cornerstone still where it was laid? Recently, Mr. Shorey and A. L. Verdugo made an effort to find it, but so far its location remains a mystery.

TELLS ON THE KIDNEYS

Yuma People Have Found This to Be True

The strain of overwork tells on the weakened kidneys. The hurry and worry of business men, the heavy lifting and stooping of workmen, the women's household cares, tend to wear, weaken and injure the kidneys until they can no longer filter the poison from the blood and the whole body suffers from the waste matter that accumulates. Weakened kidneys need quick assistance. Doan's Kidney Pills are especially prepared for weakened kidneys; tired, worn-out backs—have proven their merit in thousands of cases. Below is convincing proof from this locality:

J. W. Smith, blacksmith, 744 West Fillmore St., Phoenix, Ariz., says: "The heavy work in my business made my kidneys weak. My back ached and I was so stiff that I could hardly bend over. I had headaches and dizzy spells. The kidney secretions were unnatural. Doan's Kidney Pills sure strengthened my kidneys and the pains disappeared. The five dollars worth of Doan's Kidney Pills I used were worth many hundred dollars to me. I give Doan's Kidney Pills the entire credit for curing me."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Smith had. Foster-Milburn Co. Props., Buffalo, N. Y.—Adv.

WILL NOT TREAT WITH
THE MINERS' UNION
(Associated Press)
CLIFTON, Jan. 5.—The copper mine managers at El Paso agree to meet a committee of the strikers of the Clifton-Morenci-Metacalf district on January 12th, providing the Western Federation of Miners is eliminated.

John Seddon, of Bard, the only John Seddon in the world, who recently demonstrated that a letter addressed to him with only "U.S.A." for an address will reach him here, was married at Parris, California, to Mrs. Barton, the well known Yuma nurse, on New Year's day, and they immediately returned to the ranch where the Seddon home was recently burned to the ground. A new one is now in course of construction, and the Seddons will make it their happy home, said Mr. Seddon to the Examiner this evening.

AMERICAN UNACCOUNTED FOR
(Associated Press)
LONDON, Jan. 5.—The American embassy today received the report that Rev. Homer R. Salisbury, an American passenger on the Persia, is not reported among the survivors.

\$10,000,000 FOR AVIATION
(Associated Press)
WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—Senator Phelan, of California, today introduced a bill for \$10,000,000 for a naval aviation academy at San Francisco.

CHICAGO NATIONALS SOLD
(Associated Press)
CINCINNATI, Jan. 5.—The Chicago Nationals were sold today by Charles P. Taft to Charles Weeghman.

Bard Mercantile Co.

A. O. BROUSSARD, Mgr.

BARD'S PIONEER STORE

The Best of Merchandise
At Reasonable Prices

Courteous Treatment to All

We Solicit Your Patronage

E. A. Freeman Auctioneer

REAL ESTATE, FANCY STOCK AND
FARM SALES A SPECIALTY
YUMA, - - - - - Arizona

ICE CREAM With a FLAVOR

The Flavor That Clings and Goes With You

10c a Dish

Brick Ice Cream and Sherbet for Parties and
Served at All Times

Elite Ice Cream Parlor

H. E. PEOPLES, Proprietor

RILEY'S GARAGE

Authentic Road Information

LEGAL NOTICE

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

No. 011492

Non-Coal, Yuma Project, No Other Withdrawals

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Los Angeles, Calif., Dec. 13, 1915.

Notice is hereby given that William A. Peterson, of Bard, California, who, on Sept. 23, 1910, made homestead entry, No. 011492, for Lot 6 (Farm Unit "K"), Section 4, Township 16 S., Range 23 E., S. B. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five-year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before the Register and Receiver, U. S. Land Office, Los Angeles, California, at 9 a. m., on the 28th day of January, 1916.

Claimant names as witnesses: H. A. Berryman, of 1940 Pasadena Ave., Long Beach, Calif.; W. E. Henson, J. I. York, C. E. Peterson, A. O. Broussard and Edward Brown, all of Bard, Calif.

JOHN D. ROCHE,

Register.

Bard (Calif.) Inter-Ocean, 5 times; first publication, Dec. 17, 1915.

LEGAL NOTICE

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

No. 09910

No Withdrawals

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Los Angeles, Cal., December 24, 1915.

Notice is hereby given that George N. Roberts, of Bard, Cal., who, on March 30, 1910, made Homestead Entry, No. 09910, for Farm Unit "J" (W½ NE¼ SE¼), Section 9, Township 16 S., Range 23 E., S. B. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three-year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before the Register and Receiver of U. S. Land Office, Los Angeles, Cal., at 9 o'clock, A. M., on the 8th day of February, 1916.

Claimant names as witnesses: H. A. Berryman, of Long Beach, Cal.; N. L. Shorman, of Santa Ana, Cal.; O. P. Hendricks, of Los Angeles, Cal.; Dwight Clouser, of Los Angeles, Cal.

JOHN D. ROCHE,

Register.

Bard (Cal.) Inter-Ocean, 5 times; first publication, Dec. 31, 1915.

FOR SALE

300 ten-months-old White Leghorn pullets, at 75 cents each.
2 Holstein cows, both fresh, will give about 10 gal. and 4½ gal. of milk; \$100 each.
4 rolls of new poultry netting; \$4.75 per roll.

O. P. THORNTON, Bard.

1t-d&B-2t-p